tion of all the licorice root and certain portions of the other products, totaling approximately 10,745 pounds.

3108. Adulteration of crude drugs. U. S. v. 8 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 27850. Sample Nos. 11552-K to 11562-K, incl., 11565-K to 11578-K, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: September 19, 1949, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between August 30, 1944, and April 8, 1949, from various States in the United States and from various foreign countries.

PRODUCT: 8 100-pound bags and 2 50-pound bags of saw palmetto berries, and 1 191-pound barrel of granulated saw palmetto berries, dried; 15 112pound bags, 1 50-pound bag, and 18 117-pound bags of hawthorne berries; 17 40-pound bags of stillingia root; 1 162-pound bag of Florentine orrisroot; 5 150-pound bags of stillingia root; 27 120-pound bags of Belgian burdock root; 7 50-pound bags and 2 25-pound bags of tonka bark; 4 50-pound bags and 4 25-pound bags of tonga vine; 13 bales, containing 2,166 pounds, of angelica root; 24 110-pound bales of Portuguese bryonia root; 10 140-pound bales of Spanish licorice root; 50 62-pound bales of corn silk; 6 105-pound bags of dandelion root; 7 250-pound bales of chiretta herb; 3 162-pound bags of Florentine orrisroot; 3 191-pound barrels, 6 50-pound boxes, and 5 25-pound boxes of powdered orrisroot; 5 25-pound boxes and 1 46-pound box of granulated orrisroot; 2 91-pound bags of psyllium husks; 2 174-pound bags of jambul seed; 3 114-pound bags of juniper berries; 25 149-pound bags of Verona orrisroot; 15 bags, assorted sizes, of black walnut hulls; 21 bags, containing a total of 1,256 pounds, of stillingia root; 33 115-pound bags of cut Belgian burdock root; 1 205-pound bag of dandelion root; and 2 26-pound cartons of granulated jambul seed, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (a) (1), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects in all of the articles, manure fragments in the hawthorne berries and black walnut hulls, and rodent pellets in the black walnut hulls; and the stillingia root also consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: November 9, 1949. J. L. Hopkins & Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the products be released under bond for segregation and destruction of the unfit portions, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The segregation operations resulted in the destruction of a total of 21,905 pounds of the drugs.

## DRUGS AND DEVICES ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF DEVIATION FROM OFFICIAL OR OWN STANDARDS

3109. Adulteration of distilled water. U. S. v. 4,900 Ampuls \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 29032. Sample No. 48932–K.)

LIBEL FILED: March 29, 1950, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 8, 1950, by Crescent Laboratories, Inc., from Trenton, N. J.

PRODUCT: 4,900 10-cc. ampuls of distilled water at Philadelphia, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Water for Injection," a drug the name of which